

## <u>Curriculum Overview – Computer Science</u>

Year	Overview	KS3
7	Students in Year 7 will have 3 significant blocks of study during their lessons so that they are enabled to engage in the Year 8 programme of study successfully	Online safety – How to keep safe online. Networks – How computer systems communicate with each other. Programming – Developing programming skills.
	Extra-Curricular: After school club for all year groups based around programming and areas of students' personal interest.	Assessment: End of unt tests covering key content from each unit. CET Assessments.
	In year 8, students build upon their knowledge from year 7 and look into the wider world of computing.	Computational thinking - How computers think. Cyber security – What is a online threat and how to protect yourself. Computer systems – How larger systems of computers communicate with each other.
8	Extra-Curricular: After school club for all year groups based around programming and areas of students' personal interest.	Assessment: End of unt tests covering key content from each unit. CET Assessments.
	In Year 9, students develop their programming skills and look at how AI can support this.	Text based programming – Creating computer programming code. Interactive product – Creating interactive products AI –What is AI and how it is used.
,	Extra-Curricular: After school club for all year groups based around programming and areas of students' personal interest.	Assessment: End of unt tests covering key content from each unit. CET Assessments.

	Student Resources
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	MS Office 365
	Python



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Year	Overview	<b>Autumn 1</b> (Weeks 1 – 7)	Autumn 2 (Weeks 8 14)	8 —	Spring 1 (Weeks 15	5 - 20)	Spring 2 (Weeks - 25)	21	Sumr (Weeks	n <b>er 1</b> 26 - 32)	<b>Summer 2</b> (Weeks 33 - 38)
10	Year 10 students begin studying for both papers of the OCR J277 Computer Science exam. Although units for both exam papers are taught during this year, the focus is on achieving competency with the required computational thinking and programming skills, culminating in the compulsory programming project in the final term of the Year. This will enable students to develop and practice the key skills required for the <i>Computational Thinking, Algorithms</i> and Programming exam paper which will require students to create program code using either pseudocode or a high-level language. All skills developed in the classroom will be taught using the Python programming language.	Data representation: units of data use binary, calculations of data re binary, denary and hexadecimal n numbers, binary shifts, ASCII and and the use of binary to represent Computational thinking: abstract algorithmic thinking, flowcharts ar represent algorithms. Programming fundamentals: vari operators, inputs, outputs, data ty Python; basic programming const selection and iteration; arithmetic	a storage, how computers quirements, converting umbers, adding binary Unicode character sets t text data. ion, decomposition and nd pseudocode to ables, constants, ypes and assignment in ructs including sequence, and Boolean operators.	tage 4 Formal Assessments – Classroom Based	Systems architecture: purpose computer syst computer hardware ind execute cycle, CPU com primary storage and th between ROM and RAN storage and its charact Boolean logic: AND, Of circuits, truth tables. Additional programmi manipulation, working manipulating data in re Producing robust prog authentication, input v subroutines within pro	embedded ems and tl cluding the ponents a e purpose M; virtual r eristics. R, XOR and <b>ng techniq</b> with files, ecords usin <b>rams:</b> defe alidation a grams.	and general- neir characteristics; CPU, fetch-decode- and performance, of and difference nemory; secondary NOT logic gates, logic <b>ues:</b> string storing and g SQL. ensive design, including nd the use of	tage 4 Formal Assessments – Classroom Based	Testing: purpose iterative and ter test data, refinir Searching and s search, bubble s Programming p opportunity to c to complete a gi	es and types of tes minal testing, syn g algorithms. orting algorithms ort, merge sort, ir roject: students w lesign, write, test ven task.	sting of testing, tax and logic errors, : binary search, linear isertion sort. ill have the and refine a program
	Extra-Curricular: After school clubs for students to pursue areas of personal study or intervention based on curriculum focus.	Summative assessments – End of exam questions; programming ch solution to a given problem.	topic tests based on past allenge to develop a	Key S	Summative assessment exam questions.	t – End of t	opic tests based on past	Key S	Summative asse previous non-ex	ssment - Program am assessment ac	ming project based on tivity.
11	Year 11 students continue studying for both papers of the OCR J277 Computer Science exam. The focus for Year 11 is on the theoretical knowledge required for the <i>Computer</i> <i>Systems</i> exam paper, although units covering both exam papers will be taught. Revision and recap time is built-in for the final term of the academic year.	Computer networks: LANs, WANs network performance, P2P network the Internet, client-server network wired and wireless networks, Wi-I MAC addressing, common protoci threats to computer networks ince engineering, DDoS attacks, data in injection; threat prevention methor Computer Ethics: impact of techn including ethical, legal, cultural, en- issues; legislation relevant to com	i, factors that affect rks, network hardware, ks, network topologies, Fi and Bluetooth, IP and ols, network layers; luding malware, social netrception and SQL ods. ology on wider society, nvironmental and social puter science, licensing.	Year 11 Mock Examinations A – Classroom based / Exam room	Data Representation: reca p of prior learning and use of binary to represent text; how images are stored as pixels, represented in binary, metadata, colour- depth and resolution and how they affect the size and quality of an image; how sound is stored in digital form, the effect of sample rate and bit- depth on the size and quality of a sound file. Compression: the need for compression; lossy and lossless compression. Operating Systems: purpose an d functionality of operating systems and utility software, including user interfaces, memory, user and file management; purpose and functionality of utility software including	Year 11 Full Mock Examinations – Examination Rooms	Data Representation: recap of prior learning and use of binary to represent text; how images are stored as pixels, represented in binary, metadata, colour- depth and resolution and how they affect the size and quality of an image; how sound is stored in digital form, the effect of sample rate and bit- depth on the size and quality of a sound file. Compression: the need for compression; lossy and lossless compression. Operating Systems: purpose an d functionality of operating systems and utility software, including user interfaces, memory, user and file management; purpose and functionality of utility software including encryption,	Year 11 Mock Examinations A – Classroom based / Exam room	Programming Languages: pu rpose and characteristics of high-level and low-level languages, translators and interpreters; IDEs and their functionality. Exam revision	GCSE	E Examination Window

	Student Resources
Year 10 Mock Examinations	OCR J277 resources Class text book Solo Learn
	OCR 1277 resources Class text book Solo Learn



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		encryption,	defragmentation, and		
		defragmentation,	data compression.		
		and data			
		compression.			
Extra-Curricular: After school clubs for students	Summative assessments – End of topic tests based on past	Summative	Summative	Summative	
to pursue areas of personal study or intervention	exam questions	assessment – End of	assessment – End of	assessment –	
based on curriculum focus.		topic tests based on	topic tests based on	End of topic	
		past exam questions.	past exam questions.	tests based on	
				past exam	
				questions.	